22. (new) The process of Claim 21, wherein the hydrocarbyl compound is represented by formula (II):

R-CFX-Y(O)_r-CR'R"-Ar

(II)

wherein,

R is a halogen, an electron-withdrawing group or a hydrocarbylchalocogenyl group, a hydrocarbyl radical or the sulfur, selenium or tellurium counterparts thereof;

X is a halogen;

Y is a chalcogen;

r is 0, 1 or 2, with the proviso that when Y is oxygen, r is equal to 0; and

R' and R", which may be identical or different, are each hydrogen, or an aryl or lower alkyl radical;

Ar is a compound having at least one double bond and in which the carbon atom from which the double bond depends is an sp¹ carbon or an sp² carbon.

23. (new) The process of Claim 22, wherein Ar is a lower alkyl radical having not more than 10 carbon atoms.

- 24. (new) The process of Claim 21, wherein the peroxide is aqueous hydrogen peroxide or a hydroperoxide.
- 25. (new) The process of Claim 24, wherein the hydroperoxide is an acyl hydroperoxide or an alkyl hydroperoxide.

- 26. (new) The process of Claim 21, wherein the halogen reactant is chlorine or fluorine.
 - 27. (new) The process of Claim 21, wherein said chalcogen is sulfur.
- 28. (new) The process of Claim 27, wherein said sulfur is in the form of a sulfone, a sulfoxide or a sulfenate.
- 29. (new) The process of Claim 28, comprising hydrolysis in an alkaline medium to form a sulfinic or sulfonic acid salt.
- 30. (new) The process of Claim 21, wherein the amount of the halogen reactant is in the range from about 0.5 to about 1.5 times the stoichiometric amount.
- 31. (new) The process of Claim 21, wherein the amount of the halogen reactant is in the range from about 0.9 to about 1.3 times the stoichiometric amount.
- 32. (new) The process of Claim 27, wherein the hydrocarbyl compound comprises a perfluorinated carbon atom vicinal to the sulfur atom.
- 33. (new) The process of Claim 32, wherein the hydrocarbyl compound is reacted with the halogen reactant to form a sulfinyl halide.

- 34. (new) The process of Claim 33, wherein the halogen reactant is chlorine.
- 35. (new) The process of Claim 21, wherein the halogenation reaction is carried out in a dilute non-polar, essentially anhydrous and chlorine-insensitive solvent.
- 36. (new) The process of Claim 35, wherein the solvent is unable to dissolve more than 5% mass of water.
- 37 (new) The process of Claim 35, wherein the content of water in the solvent is at most 1/3 in mole of the hydrocarbyl compound.
- 38. (new) The process of Claim 35, wherein the content of water in the solvent is at most 1/5 in mole of the hydrocarbyl compound.
- 39. (new) The process of Claim 35, wherein the content of water in the solvent is at most 1/10 in mole of the hydrocarbyl compound.

temperature at most equal to 100°C.

(new). The process of Claim 35, wherein the hydrogenation is carried out at a